

APB784Hu61 100µg
Active Cluster Of Differentiation 7 (CD7)
Organism Species: Homo sapiens (Human)
Instruction manual

FOR RESEARCH USE ONLY
NOT FOR USE IN CLINICAL DIAGNOSTIC PROCEDURES

13th Edition (Revised in Aug, 2023)

[PROPERTIES]

Source: Eukaryotic expression.

Host: 293F cell

Residues: Ala26~Pro180 Tags: N-terminal His-tag

Purity: >95%

Endotoxin Level: <1.0EU per 1µg (determined by the LAL method).

Buffer Formulation: PBS, pH7.4, containing 5% Trehalose.

Original Concentration: 200µg/mL

Applications: Cell culture; Activity Assays.

(May be suitable for use in other assays to be determined by the end user.)

Predicted isoelectric point: 4.8

Predicted Molecular Mass: 18.0kDa

Accurate Molecular Mass: 30-38kDa as determined by SDS-PAGE reducing

conditions.

Phenomenon explanation:

The possible reasons that the actual band size differs from the predicted are as follows:

- 1. Splice variants: Alternative splicing may create different sized proteins from the same gene.
- 2. Relative charge: The composition of amino acids may affects the charge of the protein.
- 3. Post-translational modification: Phosphorylation, glycosylation, methylation etc.
- 4. Post-translation cleavage: Many proteins are synthesized as pro-proteins, and then cleaved to give the active form.
- 5. Polymerization of the target protein: Dimerization, multimerization etc.



[USAGE]

Reconstitute in 10mM PBS (pH7.4) to a concentration of 0.1-1.0 mg/mL. Do not vortex.

[STORAGE AND STABILITY]

Storage: Avoid repeated freeze/thaw cycles.

Store at 2-8°C for one month.

Aliquot and store at -80°C for 12 months.

Stability Test: The thermal stability is described by the loss rate. The loss rate was determined by accelerated thermal degradation test, that is, incubate the protein at 37°C for 48h, and no obvious degradation and precipitation were observed. The loss rate is less than 5% within the expiration date under appropriate storage condition.

[SEQUENCE]

AQEVQ QSPHCTTVPV GASVNITCST SGGLRGIYLR QLGPQPQDII YYEDGVVPTT DRRFRGRIDF SGSQDNLTIT MHRLQLSDTG TYTCQAITEV NVYGSGTLVL VTEEQSQGWH RCSDAPPRAS ALPAPPTGSA LPDPQTASAL PDPPAASALP

[ACTIVITY]

Cluster Of Differentiation 7 (CD7) is a member of the immunoglobulin superfamily. This protein is found on thymocytes and mature T cells. It plays an essential role in T-cell interactions and also in T-cell/B-cell interaction during early lymphoid development. SECTM1 has been proposed as a ligand for CD7. Thus a functional binding ELISA assay was conducted to detect the interaction of recombinant human CD7 and recombinant human SECTM1. Briefly, biotin-linked CD7 were diluted serially in PBS, with 0.01% BSA (pH 7.4). Duplicate samples of 100 ul were then transferred to SECTM1-coated microtiter wells and incubated for 1h at 37 $^{\circ}$ C. Wells were washed with PBST 3 times and incubation with Streptavidin-HRP for 30min, then wells were aspirated and washed 5 times. With the addition of substrate solution, wells were incubated 15-25 minutes at 37 $^{\circ}$ C. Finally, add 50 μ l

stop solution to the wells and read at 450 nm immediately. The binding activity of CD7 and SECTM1 was shown in Figure 1, and this effect was in a dose dependent manner.

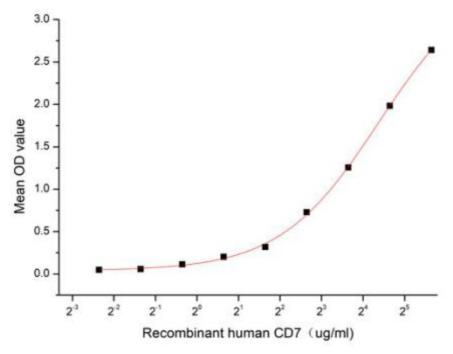


Figure 1. The binding activity of recombinant human CD7 and recombinant human SECTM1

[IDENTIFICATION]

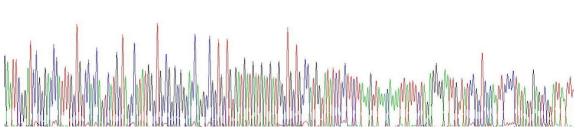


Figure 2. Gene Sequencing (extract)

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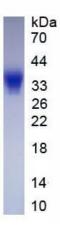


Figure 3. SDS-PAGE

Sample: Active recombinant CD7, Human

[IMPORTANT NOTE]

The kit is designed for research use only, we will not be responsible for any issue if the kit was used in clinical diagnostic or any other procedures.