

**APA222Mu01 10µg**  
**Active Interferon Beta (IFNβ)**  
**Organism Species: *Mus musculus* (Mouse)**  
***Instruction manual***

FOR RESEARCH USE ONLY  
NOT FOR USE IN CLINICAL DIAGNOSTIC PROCEDURES

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13th Edition (Revised in Aug, 2023)

## **[ PROPERTIES ]**

**Source:** Prokaryotic expression.

**Host:** *E. coli*

**Residues:** Ile22~Asn182

**Tags:** Two N-terminal Tags, His-tag and GST-tag

**Purity:** >80%

**Endotoxin Level:** <1.0EU per 1µg (determined by the LAL method).

**Buffer Formulation:** PBS, pH7.4, containing 0.01% SKL, 5% Trehalose.

**Original Concentration:** 50µg/mL

**Applications:** Cell culture; Activity Assays.

(May be suitable for use in other assays to be determined by the end user.)

**Predicted isoelectric point:** 9.7

**Predicted Molecular Mass:** 49.7kDa

**Accurate Molecular Mass:** 40&25kDa as determined by SDS-PAGE reducing conditions.

**Phenomenon explanation:**

The possible reasons that the actual band size differs from the predicted are as follows:

1. Splice variants: Alternative splicing may create different sized proteins from the same gene.
2. Relative charge: The composition of amino acids may affects the charge of the protein.
3. Post-translational modification: Phosphorylation, glycosylation, methylation etc.
4. Post-translation cleavage: Many proteins are synthesized as pro-proteins, and then cleaved to give the active form.
5. Polymerization of the target protein: Dimerization, multimerization etc.

## **[ USAGE ]**

Reconstitute in ddH<sub>2</sub>O to a concentration of 0.1-0.5 mg/mL. Do not vortex.

## **[ STORAGE AND STABILITY ]**

**Storage:** Avoid repeated freeze/thaw cycles.

Store at 2-8°C for one month.

Aliquot and store at -80°C for 12 months.

**Stability Test:** The thermal stability is described by the loss rate. The loss rate was determined by accelerated thermal degradation test, that is, incubate the protein at 37°C for 48h, and no obvious degradation and precipitation were observed. The loss rate is less than 5% within the expiration date under appropriate storage condition.

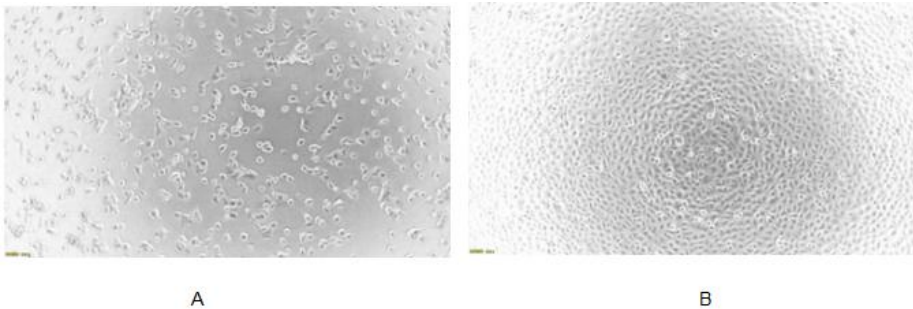
## **[ SEQUENCE ]**

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                INYKQLQLQ  ERTNIRKCQE  LLEQLNGKIN  
LTYRADFKIP  MEMTEKMQKS  YTAFAIQEML  QNVFLVFRNN  FSSTGWNETI  
VVRLLELHQ  QTVFLKTVLE  EKQEERLTWE  MSSTALHLKS  YYWRVQRYLK  
LMKYNSYAWM  VVRAEIFRNF  LIIRRLTRNF  QN
```

## **[ ACTIVITY ]**

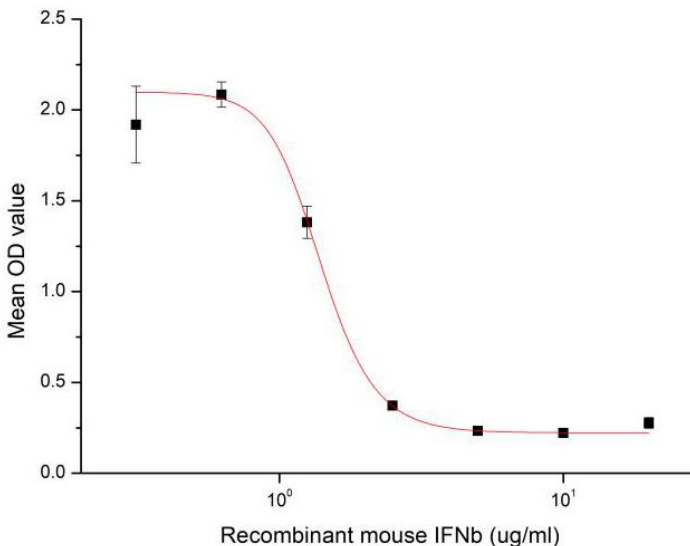
Interferon Beta (IFN $\beta$ ) is belongs to type I interferons (IFNs) family which a large subgroup of interferon proteins that help regulate the activity of the immune system. The IFN $\beta$  proteins are produced in large quantities by fibroblasts. They have antiviral activity that is involved mainly in innate immune response. Two types of IFN $\beta$  have been described, IFN $\beta$ 1 (IFNB1) and IFN $\beta$ 3 (IFNB3). IFN $\beta$ 1 is used as a treatment for multiple sclerosis as it reduces the relapse rate. To test the effect of IFN $\beta$  on cell apoptosis, A549 cells were seeded into triplicate wells of 96-well plates and allowed to attach, replaced with various concentrations of recombinant mouse IFN $\beta$ . After incubated for 48 hours, cells were observed by inverted microscope and cell proliferation was measured by Cell Counting Kit-8 (CCK-8).

Briefly, 10  $\mu$ l of CCK-8 solution was added to each well of the plate, then the absorbance at 450 nm was measured using a microplate reader after incubating the plate for 1-4 hours at 37  $^{\circ}$ C. Apoptosis of A549 cells after incubation with rmIFN $\beta$  for 48 hours observed by inverted microscope was shown in Figure 1. Cell viability was assessed by CCK-8 (Cell Counting Kit-8) assay after incubation with recombinant mouse IFN $\beta$  for 48 hours. The result was shown in Figure 2. It was obvious that rmIFN $\beta$  significantly decreased cell viability of A549 cells.



**Figure 1. Inhibition of cell proliferation of A549 cells after stimulated with rmIFN $\beta$ .**

- (A) A549 cells cultured in DMEM, stimulated with 1.25  $\mu$ g/ml rmIFN $\beta$  for 48 hours;
- (B) Unstimulated A549 cells cultured in DMEM for 48 hours.



**Figure 2. Inhibition of cell proliferation of A549 cells after stimulated with rmIFN $\beta$ .**

