

APA049Ra61 10µg
Active Interferon Gamma (IFNγ)
Organism Species: *Rattus norvegicus* (Rat)
Instruction manual

FOR RESEARCH USE ONLY
NOT FOR USE IN CLINICAL DIAGNOSTIC PROCEDURES

1th Edition (Apr, 2016)

[PROPERTIES]

Source: Eukaryotic expression.

Host: 293F cell

Residues: Gln23~Cys156

Tags: N-terminal His-tag

Purity: >95%

Endotoxin Level: <1.0EU per 1µg (determined by the LAL method).

Buffer Formulation: PBS, pH7.4, containing 5% trehalose.

Applications: Cell culture; Activity Assays.

(May be suitable for use in other assays to be determined by the end user.)

Predicted isoelectric point: 9.5

Predicted Molecular Mass: 17.1kDa

Accurate Molecular Mass: 19kDa as determined by SDS-PAGE reducing conditions.

[USAGE]

Reconstitute in 10mM PBS (pH7.6) to a concentration of 0.1-1.0 mg/mL. Do not vortex.

[STORAGE AND STABILITY]

Storage: Avoid repeated freeze/thaw cycles.

Store at 2-8°C for one month.

Aliquot and store at -80°C for 12 months.

Stability Test: The thermal stability is described by the loss rate. The loss rate was determined by accelerated thermal degradation test, that is, incubate the protein at 37°C for 48h, and no obvious degradation and precipitation were

observed. The loss rate is less than 5% within the expiration date under appropriate storage condition.

[SEQUENCE]

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QGTLIESL ESLKNYFNSS SMDAMEGKSL  
LLDIWRNWQK DGNTKILESQ IISFYLRLE VLKDNQAISN NISVIESHLI  
TNFFSNKAK KDAFMSIAKF EVNPNQIQHK AVNELIRVIH QLSPESSLRK  
RKRSRC
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[ACTIVITY]

Interferon gamma (IFN γ) is a dimerized soluble cytokine that is the only member of the type II class of interferons. The importance of IFN γ in the immune system stems in part from its ability to inhibit viral replication directly, and most importantly from its immunostimulatory and immunomodulatory effects. It has been reported that IFN- γ promotes production of inducible Nitric Oxide Synthase (iNOS) in macrophages as an important activator. After stimulated with IFN- γ , morphological changes will occur in murine macrophage cell line (Raw 264.7 cells), and inducible nitric-oxide synthase (iNOS) in the cells will increase. Raw 264.7 cells were incubated in DMEM with IFN- γ (10ng/mL) for 24h, then cells were observed by inverted microscope and iNOS in cell lysates was detected by ELISA. Effect of IFN- γ on morphological change of Raw 246.7 cells was shown in Figure 1.

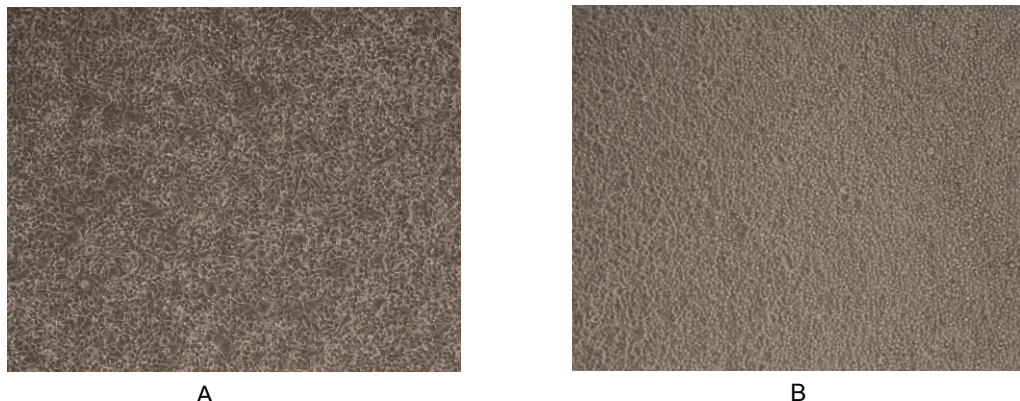


Figure 1. Morphological change of Raw 264.7 cells after stimulation of IFN γ .

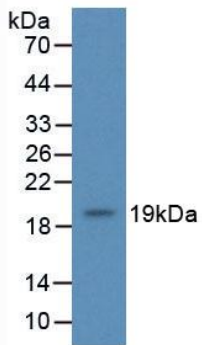


Figure 4. Western Blot

Sample: Recombinant IFN γ , Rat;

Antibody: Rabbit Anti-Rat IFN γ Ab (PAA049Ra06)

[IMPORTANT NOTE]

The kit is designed for in vitro and research use only, we will not be responsible for any issue if the kit was used in clinical diagnostic or any other procedures.