

APJ512Hu01 100µg
Active Lactamase Beta (LACTb)
Organism Species: *Homo sapiens* (Human)
Instruction manual

FOR RESEARCH USE ONLY
NOT FOR USE IN CLINICAL DIAGNOSTIC PROCEDURES

13th Edition (Revised in Aug, 2023)

[PROPERTIES]

Source: Prokaryotic expression.

Host: *E. coli*

Residues: Leu313~Asp547

Tags: N-terminal His-tag

Purity: >90%

Endotoxin Level: <1.0EU per 1µg (determined by the LAL method).

Buffer Formulation: PBS, pH7.4, containing 0.01% Sarcosyl, 5%Trehalose .

Original Concentration: 200µg/mL

Applications: Activity Assays.

(May be suitable for use in other assays to be determined by the end user.)

Predicted isoelectric point: 8.6

Predicted Molecular Mass: 30.3kDa

Accurate Molecular Mass: 30kDa as determined by SDS-PAGE reducing conditions.

[USAGE]

Reconstitute in 10mM PBS (pH7.4) to a concentration of 0.1-1.0 mg/mL. Do not vortex.

[STORAGE AND STABILITY]

Storage: Avoid repeated freeze/thaw cycles.

Store at 2-8°C for one month.

Aliquot and store at -80°C for 12 months.

Stability Test: The thermal stability is described by the loss rate. The loss rate was determined by accelerated thermal degradation test, that is, incubate the protein at 37°C for 48h, and no obvious degradation and precipitation were observed. The loss rate is less than 5% within the expiration date under appropriate storage condition.

[SEQUENCE]

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LFFKPGSQ FLYSTFGYTL LAAIVERASG CKYLDYMQKI  
FHDLDMLTTV QEENEPVIYN RARFYVYNKK KRLVNTPYVD NSYKWAGGGF  
LSTVGDLLKF GNAMLYGYQV GLFKNSNENL LPGYLKPETM VMMWTPVPNT  
EMSWDKEGKY AMAWGVERK QTYGSCRKQR HYASHTGGAV GASSVLLVLP  
EELDTETINN KVPPRGIIVS IICNMQSVGL NSTALKIALE FDKDRSD
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[ACTIVITY]

Serine beta-lactamase-like protein (LACTB), an active-site serine protease, is the only mammalian mitochondrial homolog evolved from penicillin-binding proteins and β -lactamases (PBP- β Ls) in bacteria. It is localized in the mitochondrial intermembrane space, where it assembles into filaments to regulate mitochondrial membrane organization and the efficiency of essential metabolic processes. Besides, C Reactive Protein (CRP) has been identified as an interactor of LACTB, thus a functional binding ELISA assay was conducted to detect the interaction of recombinant human LACTB and recombinant dog CRP. Briefly, LACTB was diluted serially in PBS with 0.01% BSA (pH 7.4). Duplicate samples of 100 μ l were then transferred to CRP-coated microtiter wells and incubated for 1h at 37°C. Wells were washed with PBST and incubated for 1h with anti-LACTB pAb, then aspirated and washed 3 times. After incubation with HRP labelled secondary antibody for 1h at 37°C, wells were aspirated and washed 5 times. With the addition of substrate solution, wells were incubated 15-25 minutes at 37°C. Finally, add 50 μ L stop solution to the wells and read at 450/630nm immediately. The binding activity of recombinant human LACTB and recombinant dog CRP was shown in Figure 1, the EC₅₀ for this effect is 0.152 μ g/mL.

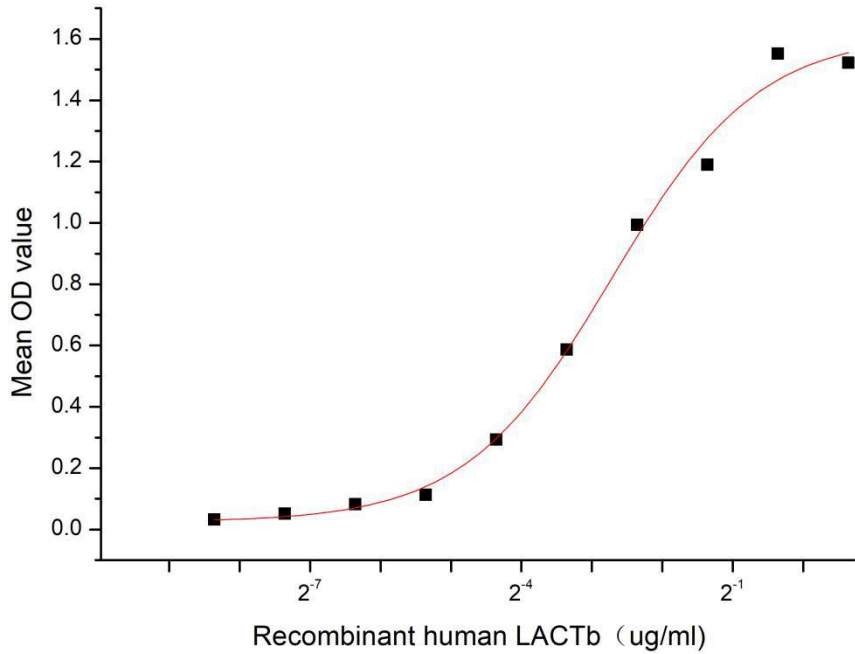


Figure 1. The binding activity of recombinant human LACTb and recombinant dog CRP

[IDENTIFICATION]

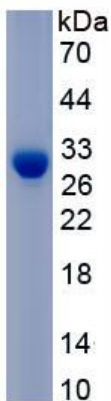


Figure 2. SDS-PAGE

Sample: Active recombinant LACTb, Human

[IMPORTANT NOTE]

The kit is designed for research use only, we will not be responsible for any issue if the kit was used in clinical diagnostic or any other procedures.