

PAA033Po71

Biotin-linked Antibody to Interferon Alpha (IFNa)

Organism Species: *Sus scrofa*; Porcine (Pig)

Instruction manual

FOR IN VITRO USE AND RESEARCH USE ONLY

NOT FOR USE IN CLINICAL DIAGNOSTIC PROCEDURES

9th Edition (Revised in Jul, 2013)

[**PRODUCT INFORMATION**]

Immunogen: IFNa, Porcine

Clonality: Polyclonal

Conjugation: Biotin

Host: Rabbit

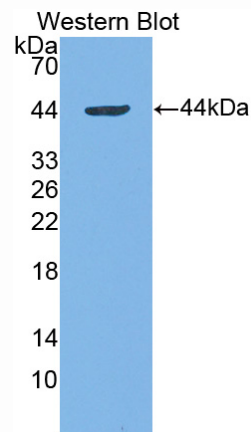
Immunoglobulin Type: IgG

Purification: Affinity Chromatography.

Applications: WB, ICC, IHC-P, IHC-F, ELISA

Concentration: 200µg/mL

UOM: 100µg



Sample: Recombinant IFNa, Porcine

[**IMMUNOGEN INFORMATION**]

Immunogen: Recombinant IFNa (Cys24~Met172) expressed in *E.coli*.

Accession No.: RPA033Po01

Sequence: The target protein is fused with two N-terminal Tags, His-tag and GST-tag and its sequence is listed below.

MSPILGYWKI KGLVQPTRL L LEYLEEKYEE HLYERDEGDK WRNKKFELGL EFPNLPYYID
GDVKLTQSMA IIRYIADKHN MLGGCPKERA EISMLEGAVL DIRYGVSR IA YSKDFETLKV
DFLSKLP EML KMFEDRLCHK TYLNGDHVTH PDFMLYDALD VVLYMDPMCL DAFPKLVCFK
KRIEAIQID KYLKSSKYIA WPLQG WQATF GGGDHPPKSD GSTSGSGHHH HHSAGLVPR
GSTAIGMKET AAKFERQHM DSPDLGTLEV LFQGPLGSEF- CDLPQTH SLAHTRALRL
LAQMRRISPF SCLDHRRDFG SPHEAFGGNQ VQKAQAMALV HEMLQQT FQL

FSTEGSAAAW NESLLHQFYT GLDQQLRDLE ACVMQEAGLE GTPILLEDSI RAVRKYFHRL
TLYLQEKSYS PCAWEIVRAE VM

[ANTIBODY SPECIFICITY]

The antibody is a rabbit polyclonal antibody raised against IFN α . It has been selected for its ability to recognize IFN α in immunohistochemical staining and western blotting.

[APPLICATIONS]

Western blotting: 1:100-400

Immunocytochemistry in formalin fixed cells: 1:100-500

Immunohistochemistry in formalin fixed frozen section: 1:100-500

Immunohistochemistry in paraffin section: 1:50-200

Enzyme-linked Immunosorbent Assay: 1:100-200

Optimal working dilutions must be determined by end user.

[CONTENTS]

Form & Buffer: Supplied as solution form in PBS, pH7.4, containing 0.02% NaN $_3$, 50% glycerol.

[STORAGE]

Store at 4°C for frequent use. Stored at -20°C to -80°C in a manual defrost freezer for one year without detectable loss of activity. Avoid repeated freeze-thaw cycles.