

**PAG797Hu01** 

Polyclonal Antibody to Translocation Associated Notch Homolog 1 (TAN1)

Organism Species: Homo sapiens (Human)

Instruction manual

FOR RESEARCH USE ONLY NOT FOR USE IN CLINICAL DIAGNOSTIC PROCEDURES

13th Edition (Revised in Aug, 2023)



## [PROPERTIES]

**Source:** Polyclonal antibody preparation

Host: Rabbit

**Purification:** Antigen-specific affinity chromatography followed by Protein A affinity

chromatography

Traits: Liquid

Concentration: 0.3mg/mL

**UOM:** 200µL

Cross Reactivity: Porcine

Applications: WB; IHC; ICC; IP.

### [ IMMUNOGEN ]

Immunogen: Recombinant TAN1 (Glu1949~Tyr2209) expressed in E.coli

Accession No.: RPG797Hu01

## [ APPLICATIONS ]

Western blotting: 0.01-2µg/mL;

Immunohistochemistry: 5-20µg/mL;

Immunocytochemistry: 5-20µg/mL;

Optimal working dilutions must be determined by end user.

### [FORMULATION]

**Form & Buffer:** Supplied as solution form in 0.01M PBS, pH7.4, containing 0.05% Proclin-300, 50% glycerol.

#### [STORAGE AND STABILITY]

**Storage:** Avoid repeated freeze/thaw cycles.

Store at 4°C for frequent use.

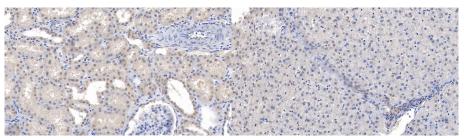
Aliquot and store at -20°C for 24 months.

**Stability Test:** The thermal stability is described by the loss rate. The loss rate was determined by accelerated thermal degradation test, that is, incubate the protein at 37°C for 48h, and no



obvious degradation and precipitation were observed. The loss rate is less than 5% within the expiration date under appropriate storage condition.

## [ IDENTIFICATION ]



DAB staining on IHC-P; Samples:
Human Kidney Tissue; Primary Ab:
20µg/ml Rabbit Anti-Human TAN1
Antibody Second Ab: 2µg/mL HRPLinked Caprine Anti-Rabbit IgG
Polyclonal Antibody (Catalog:

SAA544Rb19)

DAB staining on IHC-P;
Samples: Human Liver Tissue;
Primary Ab: 20µg/ml Rabbit AntiHuman TAN1 Antibody
Second Ab: 2µg/mL HRP-Linked
Caprine Anti-Rabbit IgG Polyclonal
Antibody
(Catalog: SAA544Rb19)

# [ IMPORTANT NOTE ]

The kit is designed for research use only, we will not be responsible for any issue if the kit was used in clinical diagnostic or any other procedures.